

Overview

- The Common Maker provides a common connection 'C' for Wi-Fi and powered thermostats.
- A common connection allows the thermostat to operate without batteries or "power stealing" circuits.
- The Common Maker is compatible with all 24V AC heating and cooling systems.

Electrical Safety

- This product is designed for use with a Class 2 transformer providing 23 to 28 volts.
- The total connected load must not exceed 2 amps.
- The connected load cannot operate at more than 30 volts (not designed for direct connection to 120 volt equipment).
- To avoid risk of electrical shock or equipment damage, disconnect power before beginning installation.

Sender Installation

The Sender is the smaller component and has purple, white, and black wires. It is installed inside the wall behind the thermostat.

1. Remove the thermostat from its base.
2. The thermostat base will have wires running into the wall through a small hole. If this hole is not big enough to fit the Sender, enlarge the hole.
3. Find the wiring diagram for your system (pages 2-4) and connect the wires accordingly.
4. Place the Sender in the wall. It will hang by its wires and does not require any mounting.
5. Place the thermostat back on its base.

Note: The Sender will produce a small amount of heat while operating. Keep the Sender wires as long as possible to maximize the distance between the Sender and thermostat. Do not install the Sender in insulated walls.

Receiver Installation

The Receiver is the larger component and has purple, white, black, and red wires. It is installed near the furnace, boiler, air handler, zone valve, or zone controller. It should be placed in the equipment cabinet or a location without exposure to liquids or high temperatures.

Follow the relevant wiring diagram for your system (pages 2-4) and connect the wires accordingly. Additional wiring diagrams may be found at www.fast-stat.com.

Testing

After the Common Maker has been installed, check to see if it is functioning properly by following these steps:

1. Use the thermostat to turn ON the heating system, and ensure that the heating system turns ON.
2. Use the thermostat to turn OFF the heating system, and ensure that the heating system turns OFF.

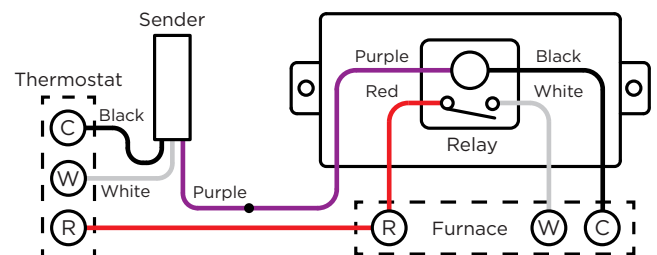
If the heating system failed to turn OFF, the power consumption of the thermostat is too high, and therefore incompatible with the Common Maker.

Troubleshooting

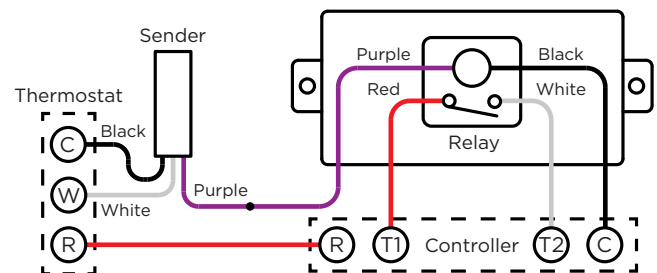
1. Using a voltmeter, measure the voltage at the transformer to ensure it is between 23 to 28 volts. If it is outside this range the Common Maker may not work as intended.
2. Ensure that the Sender purple wire and the Receiver purple wire are connected through the existing thermostat cable.
3. At the thermostat base, place a jumper wire between the 'R' and 'W' terminals. This should cause the heating system to start. If the heating system does not start, the thermostat cable or Common Maker may be faulty.
4. Disconnect the Sender and bring it to the location of the Receiver. While keeping the Receiver connected to the equipment, connect the Sender and Receiver purple wires together. Then apply 24V AC to the Sender white wire. The relay in the Receiver should energize. If the relay does not energize, the Common Maker may be faulty.

Internal Wiring

When the Sender has 24V AC applied to its white wire, it will energize the relay in the Receiver, and complete the circuit between the Receiver red and white wires. In most installations, this will connect the 'R' and 'W' terminals on the furnace.



The Common Maker also supports dry-contact switching. In this configuration, the 'T1' and 'T2' terminals are electrically isolated from the thermostat transformer.



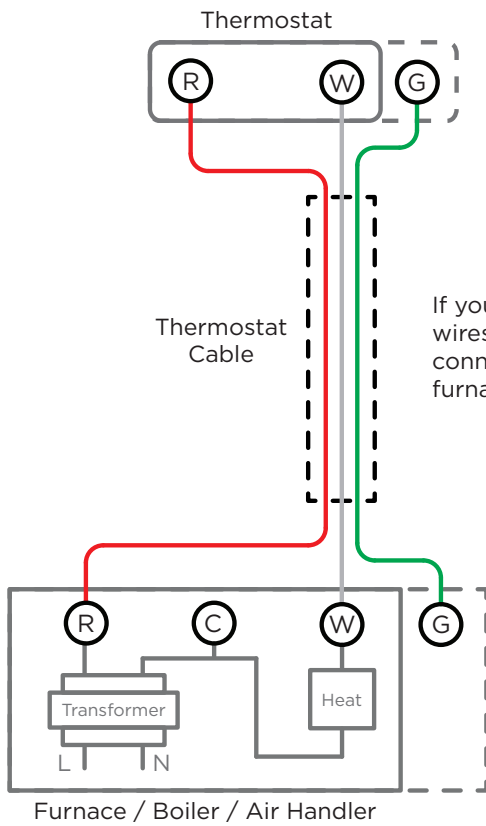
Contact Us

For installation assistance, our technical support line can be reached at 1-800-775-4750, 9am-5pm PST, or emailed at info@nordictech.ca

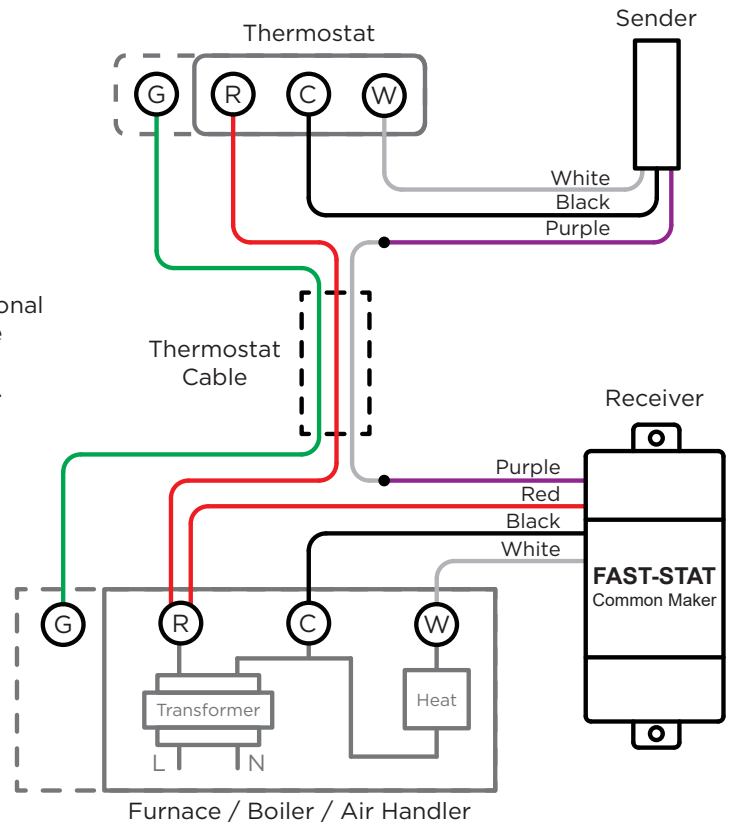
A Typical Installation for Furnaces, Boilers, and Air Handlers

Before

After



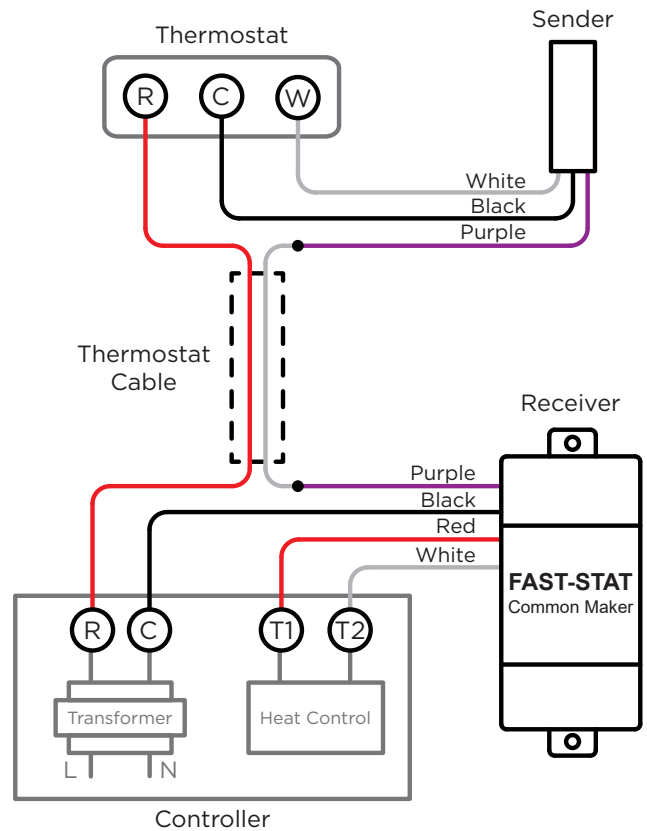
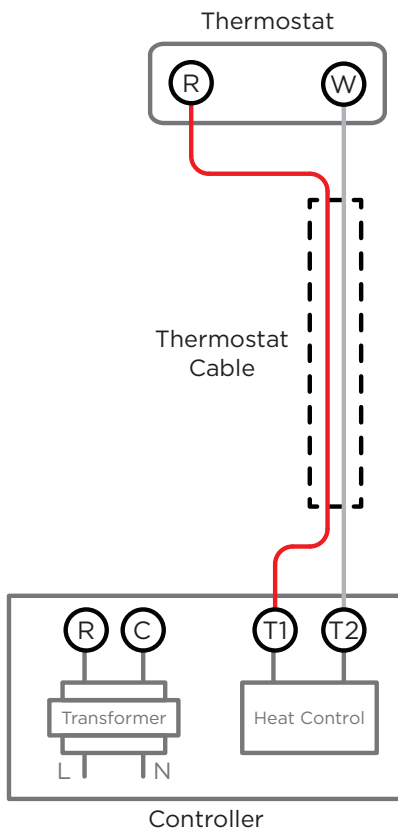
If your installation has additional wires (G, Y, etc.), they can be connected directly to the furnace, boiler, or air handler.



B Dry Contact Switching with Internal Transformer

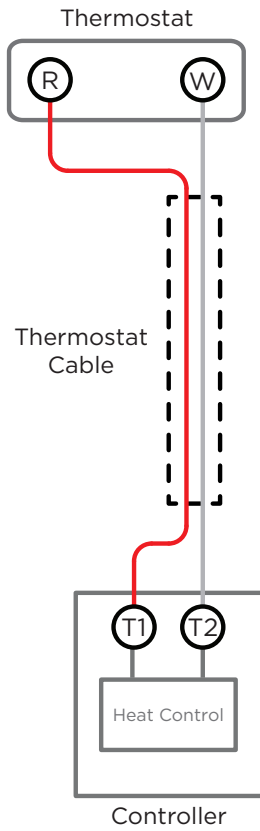
Before

After

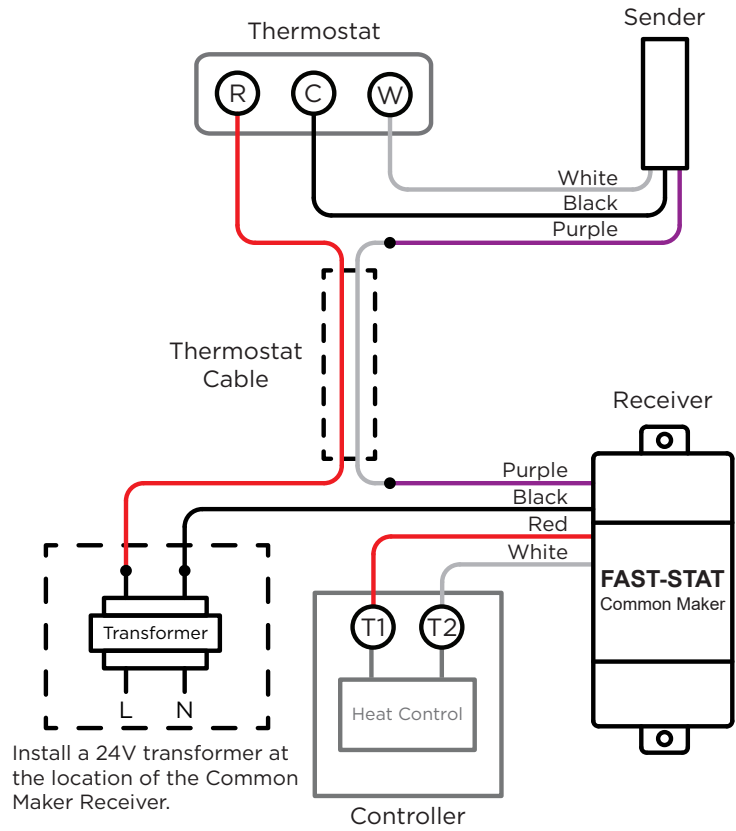


C Dry Contact Switching with External Transformer

Before

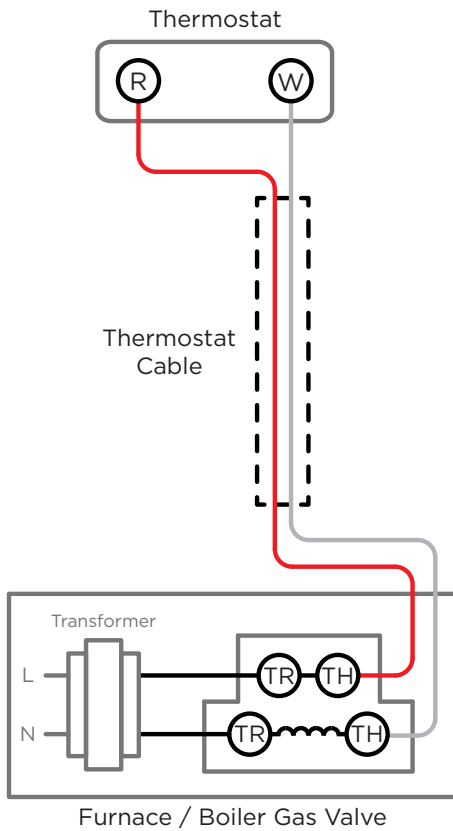


After

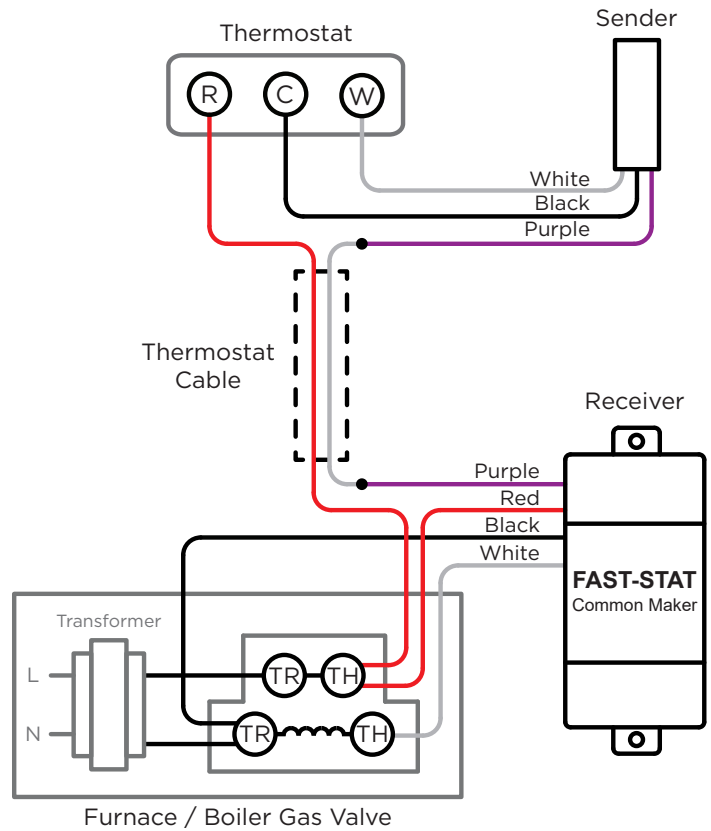


D Directly Connected Gas Valves

Before

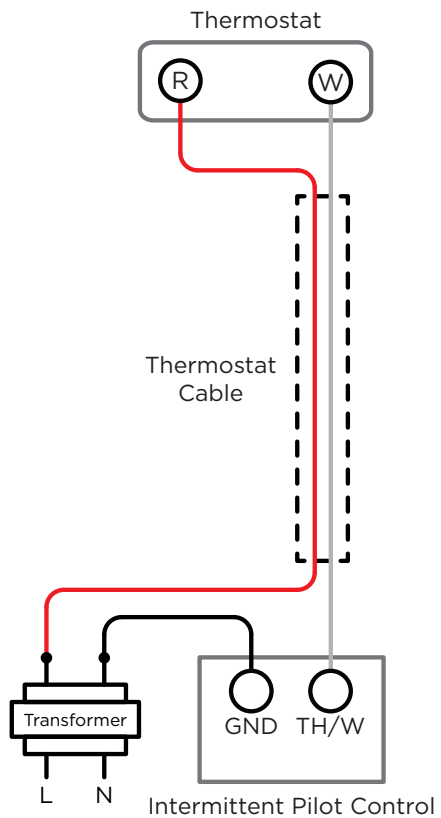


After

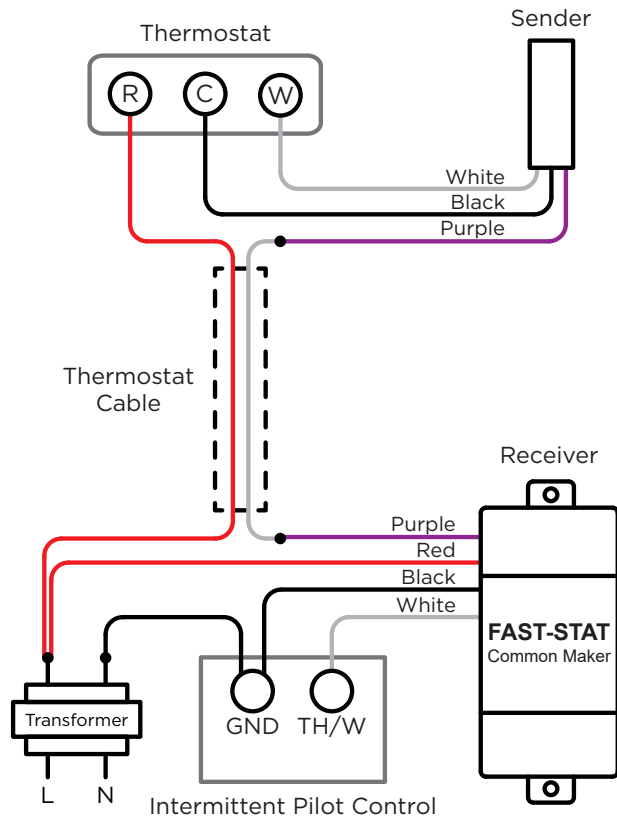


E Intermittent Pilot Ignition Control

Before

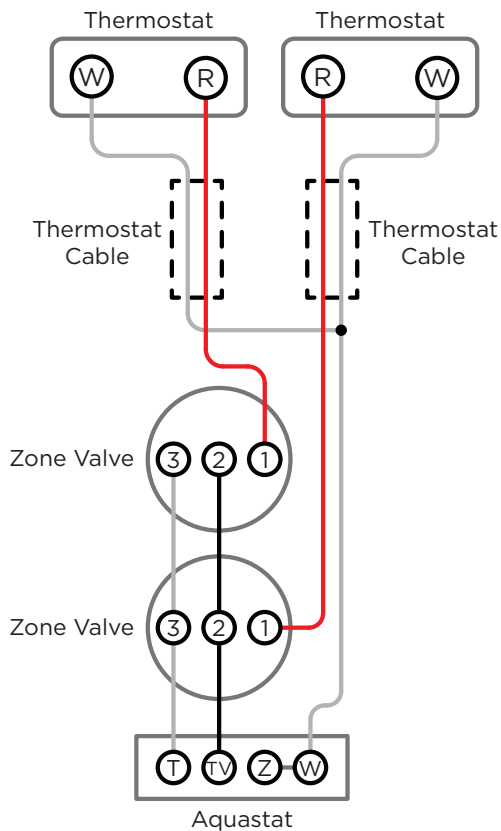


After



F Zone Valve with Z-TV-W Aquastat (Varies by manufacturer - visit www.fast-stat.com for additional wiring diagrams)

Before



After

